

NAMA KURSUS	PENGANTAR ANTROPOLOGI DAN SOSIOLOGI (<i>Introduction to Anthropology and Sociology</i>)
KOD KURSUS	SSF1044
KREDIT	4
PRASYARAT	Tiada
SINOPSIS	<p>Bidang Antropologi dan Sosiologi adalah dua disiplin bidang yang berbeza namun pada masa yang sama berkongsi satu ciri penting yang sama, iaitu mengkaji fenomena kemanusiaan. Dengan bidang Sosiologi yang sering kali dilihat meneliti tingkah laku sosial seperti salah-laku golongan muda (juvana), struktur kekeluargaan dan tingkah laku jenayah, bidang antropologi pula dilihat cenderung untuk meneliti fungsi-fungsi budaya seperti istiadat melangkah ke alam dewasa, persanakan dan upacara penghukuman. Kursus ini membincangkan beberapa isu yang relevan yang meliputi budaya dan kepercayaan, perkahwinan dan persanakan, gender, jenayah, ekonomi sara hidup dan stratifikasi sosial. Teori-teori utama dalam antropologi dan sosiologi seperti teori fungsional dan konflik juga dibincangkan.</p> <p><i>(Anthropology and sociology are two distinctive disciplines but at the same time fundamentally share one common characteristic, that is, the study of human phenomena. While sociology is usually perceived to study social behaviors such as juvenile delinquency, family structure and criminal behaviors, anthropology tends to study cultural functions such as the rites of passage, kinship and ritual chastisement. Topics that will be discussed are on cultures and beliefs, marriage and kinship, gender, crime, economic subsistence and social stratification. Grand theories within anthropology and sociology such as functionalism and conflict will also be discussed.)</i></p>
HASIL PEMBELAJARAN	<p>Di akhir kursus ini, pelajar-pelajar boleh</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">o Point out the fundamental concepts and theoretical issues in anthropology and sociology [C4]o Explain the functions of social structures in local, regional and global context [P2]

- o Discuss social realities and issues from anthropological and sociological perspectives [A2]
- o Critically challenge their own 'common sense', personal assumptions and understanding of their social environment. [CS, CT, TS]

JAM		JP Bersemuka	JP Kendiri
PEMBELAJARAN	Kuliah	36	36
PELAJAR	Tutorial	10	10
	Pembelajaran Berpusatkan Pelajar	10	34
	Penilaian Berterusan	5	10
	Peperiksaan Akhir	3	6
	Jumlah	64	96
	Jumlah Besar	160 Jam	

UNIT		JP Bersemuka
PEMBELAJARAN	1. Locating Anthropology and Sociology - The importance of anthropology and sociology in academia. - The importance of social reality and personal perceptions of humanity - Historical development of anthropology and sociology - Sub-disciplines in anthropology (e.g. physical, social, cultural, political, medical) and sociology (e.g. urban-rural, development, social psychology) - The relevance of both disciplines in contemporary settings	4
	2. Knowledge Production in Anthropology and Sociology - Defining 'the field' in both disciplines - The concept of 'fieldwork', life history and 'ethnography' as instruments of social inquiry - 'Social reality' in relations to the production of knowledge	4
	3. Theoretical perspectives and fundamental concepts in Anthropology and Sociology - Similarities and differences - Contribution of some Founding Fathers	4
	4. Culture and Belief System	4

- The concept of 'culture'
 - Cultural heritage
 - The historical development of 'culture'
 - The subject of 'cultural reproduction'
 - Concepts of belief system
 - Why people need religion and belief system?
5. Kinship, Family and Marriage 4
- Cultural variations in kinship system
 - The family and household
 - Changes in kinship patterns
6. Class, Informal Organization and Social Stratification 4
- Economic distribution
 - 'Industrial society'
 - 'Class-based' stratification
 - Marxist perspective of 'class'
 - Types of informal organization
7. Economic Subsistence 4
- Foraging
 - Pastoralism
 - Horticulture
 - Intensive Agriculture
8. Social Change, Development and Marginalization 4
- Alteration of behavioural patterns, culture values
 - Industrial revolution
 - Abolition of slavery
 - Feminist Movement
 - Evolutionary, functionalist, and conflict theories of change
9. Race and Ethnicity 6
- Concept of 'race' and 'ethnicity'
 - Its relation to major historical developments (e.g. evolutionism, social Darwinism, racism)
 - The meaning of ethnicity in comparative context
 - Case study - Indigenous people
10. Gender Issues in Society 6
- Topics and case studies concerning gender

	- Cultural construction of gender and sexuality	
	- Gender and the division of labor	
11.	Crime and Deviance	6
	- Social structure theory	
	- Social process theory	
12.	The Relevance of Anthropology and Sociology in the contemporary social settings	6
	- Issues in Anthropology and Sociology	
	- The future of Anthropology and Sociology	
	Jumlah	56
PENILAIAN	Mid-term Test	30 %
	Group Assignment	20 %
	Individual Assignment	20 %
	Tutorial	0 %
	Final Exam	30 %
	Jumlah	100 %
RUJUKAN	1. Giddens, A. (2006). Sociology (5th ed.). Cambridge: Polity Press.	
	2. Kottak, C.P. (2008). Anthropology: The Exploration of Human Diversity. New York: McGraw-Hill.	
	3. Ember, C.R. , M. (1992). Anthropology: A Brief Introduction. New Jersey: Prentice-Hall Inc.	
	4. Beteille, Andre. (2002). Sociology: Essays on Approach and Method. Delhi: Oxford University Press.	
	5. Akbar, S.A. and Shore, C.N. (1995). The Future of Anthropology: Its Relevance to the Contemporary World. London: The Athlone.	

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